§ 34.101

- (9) Evidence of the latest calibrations of alarm ratemeters and operability checks of pocket dosimeters and/or electronic personal dosimeters as required by §34.83;
- (10) Latest survey records required by §34.85;
- (11) The shipping papers for the transportation of radioactive materials required by \$71.5 of this chapter; and
- (12) When operating under reciprocity pursuant to §150.20 of this chapter, a copy of the Agreement State license authorizing the use of licensed materials.

Subpart F—Notifications

§34.101 Notifications.

- (a) In addition to the reporting requirements specified in §30.50 and under other sections of this chapter, such as §21.21, each licensee shall send a written report to the NRC's Office of Nuclear Material Safety and Safeguards, Division of Industrial and Medical Nuclear Safety, by an appropriate method listed in §30.6(a) of this chapter, within 30 days of the occurrence of any of the following incidents involving radiographic equipment:
- (1) Unintentional disconnection of the source assembly from the control cable:
- (2) Inability to retract the source assembly to its fully shielded position and secure it in this position; or
- (3) Failure of any component (critical to safe operation of the device) to properly perform its intended function;
- (b) The licensee shall include the following information in each report submitted under paragraph (a) of this section, and in each report of overexposure submitted under 10 CFR 20.2203 which involves failure of safety components of radiography equipment:
- (1) A description of the equipment problem;
- (2) Cause of each incident, if known;
- (3) Name of the manufacturer and model number of equipment involved in the incident;
- (4) Place, date, and time of the incident:
- (5) Actions taken to establish normal operations;
- (6) Corrective actions taken or planned to prevent recurrence; and

- (7) Qualifications of personnel involved in the incident.
- (c) Any licensee conducting radiographic operations or storing radioactive material at any location not listed on the license for a period in excess of 180 days in a calendar year, shall notify the appropriate NRC regional office listed in §30.6(a)(2) of this chapter prior to exceeding the 180 days.

[62 FR 28963, May 28, 1997, as amended at 67 FR 3585, Jan. 25, 2002; 68 FR 58805, Oct. 10, 2003]

Subpart G—Exemptions

§ 34.111 Applications for exemptions.

The Commission may, upon application of any interested person or upon its own initiative, grant an exemption from the requirements of the regulations in this part if it determines the exemption is authorized by law and would not endanger life or property or the common defense and security and is otherwise in the public interest.

Subpart H—Violations

§34.121 Violations.

- (a) The Commission may obtain an injunction or other court order to prevent a violation of the provisions of—
- (1) The Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended:
- (2) Title II of the Energy Reorganization Act of 1974, as amended; or
- (3) A regulation or order issued pursuant to these Acts.
- (b) The Commission may obtain a court order for the payment of a civil penalty imposed under Section 234 of the Atomic Energy Act;
 - (1) For violations of—
- (i) Sections 53, 57, 62, 63, 81, 82, 101, 103, 104, 107, or 109 of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended;
- (ii) Section 206 of the Energy Reorganization Act;
- (iii) Any rule, regulation, or order issued pursuant to the sections specified in paragraph (b)(1)(i) of this section.
- (iv) Any term, condition, or limitation of any license issued under the sections specified in paragraph (b)(1)(i) of this section.

Nuclear Regulatory Commission

(2) For any violation for which a license may be revoked under section 186 of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended.

§34.123 Criminal penalties.

- (a) Section 223 of the Atomic Energy Act of 1952, as amended, provides for criminal sanctions for willful violation of, attempted violation of, or conspiracy to violate, any regulation issued under one or more of §§161b, 161i, or 1610 of the Act. For purposes of Section 223, all the regulations in 10 CFR part 34 are issued under one or more of §§161b, 161i, or 1610, except for the sections listed in paragraph (b) of this section.
- (b) The regulations in 10 CFR part 34 that are not issued under sections 161b, 161i, or 161o for the purposes of Section 223 are as follows: §§34.1, 34.3, 34.5, 34.8, 34.11, 34.13, 34.111, 34.121, 34.123.

APPENDIX A TO PART 34—RADIOGRAPHER CERTIFICATION

I. REQUIREMENTS FOR AN INDEPENDENT CERTIFYING ORGANIZATION

An independent certifying organization shall:

- 1. Be an organization such as a society or association, whose members participate in, or have an interest in, the fields of industrial radiography:
- 2. Make its membership available to the general public nationwide that is not restricted because of race, color, religion, sex, age, national origin or disability;
- 3. Have a certification program open to nonmembers, as well as members;
- 4. Be an incorporated, nationally recognized organization, that is involved in setting national standards of practice within its fields of expertise;
- 5. Have an adequate staff, a viable system for financing its operations, and a policy-and decision-making review board;
- 6. Have a set of written organizational bylaws and policies that provide adequate assurance of lack of conflict of interest and a system for monitoring and enforcing those by-laws and policies;
- 7. Have a committee, whose members can carry out their responsibilities impartially, to review and approve the certification guidelines and procedures, and to advise the organization's staff in implementing the certification program;
- 8. Have a committee, whose members can carry out their responsibilities impartially, to review complaints against certified indi-

viduals and to determine appropriate sanctions:

- 9. Have written procedures describing all aspects of its certification program, maintain records of the current status of each individual's certification and the administration of its certification program:
- 10. Have procedures to ensure that certified individuals are provided due process with respect to the administration of its certification program, including the process of becoming certified and any sanctions imposed against certified individuals;
- 11. Have procedures for proctoring examinations, including qualifications for proctors. These procedures must ensure that the individuals proctoring each examination are not employed by the same company or corporation (or a wholly-owned subsidiary of such company or corporation) as any of the examinees:
- 12. Exchange information about certified individuals with the Commission and other independent certifying organizations and/or Agreement States and allow periodic review of its certification program and related records; and
- 13. Provide a description to the Commission of its procedures for choosing examination sites and for providing an appropriate examination environment.

II. REQUIREMENTS FOR CERTIFICATION PROGRAMS

All certification programs must:

- 1. Require applicants for certification to (a) receive training in the topics set forth in §34.43(g) or equivalent Agreement State regulations, and (b) satisfactorily complete a written examination covering these topics;
- 2. Require applicants for certification to provide documentation that demonstrates that the applicant has: (a) received training in the topics set forth in §34.43(g) or equivalent Agreement State regulations; (b) satisfactorily completed a minimum period of onthe-job training; and (c) has received verification by an Agreement State or a NRC licensee that the applicant has demonstrated the capability of independently working as a radiographer:
- 3. Include procedures to ensure that all examination questions are protected from disclosure;
- 4. Include procedures for denying an application, revoking, suspending, and reinstating a certificate:
- 5. Provide a certification period of not less than 3 years nor more than 5 years;
- 6. Include procedures for renewing certifications and, if the procedures allow renewals without examination, require evidence of recent full-time employment and annual refresher training.
- 7. Provide a timely response to inquiries, by telephone or letter, from members of the